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# **Adapter Remoting Infrastructure Network Protocol Specification**

ARI Protocol version: 1.7  
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# 1 The ARI Protocol

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## 1.1 Architecture

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For an overview of the architecture of the Adapter Remoting Infrastructure and the necessary server configurations, please refer to the "Adapter Remoting Infrastructure.pdf" file, available in the Lightstreamer distribution under the DOCS-SDKs/adapter\_remoting\_infrastructure folder.

## 1.2 Protocol Basics

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The following are the basic principles of the ARI protocol:

- there are three unidirectional channels: requests, replies and notifications;
- every protocol packet represents a single request, reply or notification;
- requests are sent only from Proxy Adapters, replies and notifications are sent only from the counterpart (i.e.: the Remote Adapter);
- every request is identified by a unique ID that must be repeated as the ID of its corresponding reply; for some kinds of notification, the ID of the request that originates the notification is required;
- each notification is time stamped with a [Java compatible millisecond resolution date-time](#) (for statistical purposes);
- request, reply and notification packets are simple pipe-separated text lines, terminated by a line-feed or carriage-return & line-feed pair;
- every request, reply and notification must carry the information on which interface method it refers;
- requests and replies are completely asynchronous, i.e.: there is no need to answer a request before reading the next one (notifications are one-way only, so they are obviously asynchronous);
- keepalive messages originated by the Remote Data Adapter are allowed, in order to prevent network intermediate nodes from dropping the connections because of inactivity; the keepalive messages are simpler than request, reply and notify messages.

This implies that:

- in order to ensure that data can be transported by text lines, they must be encoded accordingly;
- in order to ensure that correct decoding can be applied for each data segment, corresponding data types must be specified;
- in order to ensure asynchronous request/reply, a pair of queue & de-queueing-thread must be created for each channel (request, replies and notifications);
- in order to ensure correct statistical treatment of notification timestamps, in case the counterpart runs on a separated machine the two machines must be synchronized through NTP or equivalent network time protocol (this is actually optional, statistics can be ignored and time-stamp set to 0).

## 1.3 Packet Structure

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The general structure of a protocol packet is as follows:

- request and reply packets:

```
<ID>|<method>|<data type 1>|<data segment 1>|...|<data type N>|<data segment N>\r\n
```

- notification packets:

```
<timestamp>|<method>|<data type 1>|<data segment 1>|...|<data type N>|<data segment N>\r\n
```

- keepalive packets:

```
KEEPALIVE\r\n
```

Each data segment typically represents the content of a field or argument of a method, and the corresponding data type represents the native type in which it is expressed. There are a few cases where the structure above is not respected, particularly in the case of handling of counterpart-generated exceptions. See on for more details.

## 1.4 Data Types and Encodings

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### String

Data type: S

Encoding:

- # if null
- \$ if empty
- standard [WWW UTF-8 url-encoding](#) in any other case

### Byte array (signed or unsigned)

Data type: Y

Encoding:

- # if null
- \$ if empty
- standard in-line [BASE-64 encoding](#) in any other case

### Boolean

Data type: B

Encoding:

- 0 if false
- 1 (or any other value) if true

### Integer (32 bit, signed)

Data type: I

Encoding: simple string representation of the integer

**Double** (64 bit, signed, IEEE 754 formatted)

Data type: D

Encoding: simple string representation of the double, with decimal point (not comma)

In addition to these simple native types there are structured types, like exceptions and mode arrays, and the “no data” type:

**Void** (i.e.: no data)

Data type: V

Encoding: not encoded, data segment is simply not present

**Mode array**

Data type: M

Encoding:

- # if null
- \$ if empty
- a character sequence in any other case, where each character represents a mode as per the following table:

Character	Mode
R	Raw
M	Merge
D	Distinct
C	Command

**Exception**

Exceptions can be of generic type or of different subtypes, as per the following table:

Type of exception	Data type	Encoding
Generic	E	string-encoding of detail message
Failure	EF	string-encoding of detail message
Metadata	EM	string-encoding of detail message
Data	ED	string-encoding of detail message
Subscription	EU	string-encoding of detail message
Access	EA	string-encoding of detail message
Items	EI	string-encoding of detail message
Schema	ES	string-encoding of detail message
Notification	EN	string-encoding of detail message
Credits	EC	3 subsequent data segments with: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• string-encoding of detail message</li> <li>• integer-encoding of client error code</li> <li>• string-encoding of user message</li> </ul>
Conflicting session	EX	4 subsequent data segments with: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• string-encoding of detail message</li> </ul>

Type of exception	Data type	Encoding
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>integer-encoding of client error code</li> <li>string-encoding of user message</li> <li>string-encoding of conflicting session ID</li> </ul>

### Mobile Platform Type

Data type: P

Encoding: a character as per the following table:

Character	Platform
A	Apple Push Notification Service (APNS)
G	Google Cloud Messaging (GCM)
W	Windows Notification Service (WNS)
M	Microsoft Push Notification Service (MPNS)
B	Blackberry Push Notification (BPN)

### Mobile Subscription Type

Mobile subscriptions may be of different subtypes, as per the following table:

Type of mobile subscription	Data type	Encoding
APNS	PA	2 subsequent data segments with: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>length of the localized format arguments list</li> <li>size of the custom data map</li> </ul>
GCM	PG	1 subsequent data segment with: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>size of the data map</li> </ul>
WNS	PW	Not yet supported
MPNS	PM	Not yet supported
BPN	PB	Not yet supported

## 1.5 Metadata Provider Protocol Methods

Metadata Provider protocol aims at exposing the MetadataProvider Java interface methods through the protocol. To reduce the protocol overhead, much of the original Java interface small methods have been aggregated in bigger protocol methods, carrying more information that are then cached on the Proxy Adapter side.

For more explanations regarding the semantics of each information, please consult the interface API documentation, either on Java API docs or (for an implementation example) on .Net API docs included in the distributions.

Not all methods available in the Java interface have been exposed for Remote Adapters. The Selectors and Customizers, which involve invocations of *isSelected* and *customizeUpdate* in the inner loop

of data dispatching, cannot be used. As a consequence, *isSelectorAllowed* and *enableUpdateCustomization* are implemented by the Proxy Adapter to always return false.

### Metadata Init

Direction: from Proxy Adapter to counterpart

Expects reply: yes

Method tag: MPI

Data segments:

- *N initialization parameter name-value pairs*, both names and values as string

The parameters are supplied by the Proxy Adapter based on its own configuration.

```
<ID>|MPI|S|<param 1>|S|<param 1 value>|...|S|<param N>|S|<param N value>
```

Expected reply data segments: none, a void is expected

```
<ID>|MPI|V
```

Reply can be also an exception of *Generic* or *Metadata* type

Examples:

```
→ 10000010c3e4d0462|MPI|S|adapters_conf.id|S|DEMO|S|proxy.instance_id|S|hewbc3ikbbctyui|...
← 10000010c3e4d0462|MPI|V

→ 20000010c3e4d0462|MPI|S|feed name|S|feed1|S|feed port|S|8080|...
← 20000010c3e4d0462|MPI|EM|Feed unavailable
```

### Notify User

Direction: from Proxy Adapter to counterpart

Expects reply: yes

Method tag: NUS

Data segments:

- 1 *user name*, as string (can be null for the anonymous user)
- 1 *user password*, as string (can be null if no password is specified)
- *N http header name-value pairs*, both names and values as string

The last pair is added by the Server; the name is "REQUEST\_ID" and the value is a unique id assigned to the client request.

```
<ID>|NUS|S|<user name>|S|<user password>|S|<header 1>|S|<header value 1>|...|S|<header N>|S|<header value N>|S|REQUEST_ID|S|<id>
```

Expected reply data segments:

- 1 *allowed max bandwidth*, as double
- 1 *wants table (i.e. subscription) notifications flag*, as boolean

As you can see, this method also integrates the *getAllowedMaxBandwidth* and *wantsTablesNotification* methods of the Java interface.

```
<ID>|NUS|D|<allowed max bandwidth>|B|<wants table notifications flag>
```

Reply can be also an exception of *Generic*, *Access* or *Credits* type

Examples:

```
→ 10000010c3e4d0462|NUS|S|user1|S|password|S|host|S|www.mycompany.com|...
← 10000010c3e4d0462|NUS|D|40|B|0

→ 20000010c3e4d0462|NUS|S|#|S|#|S|connection|S|Keep-Alive|...
← 20000010c3e4d0462|NUS|EC|Anonymous+user+not+allowed|1099|#
```

### Notify User (extended version to carry identification data included in the client SSL certificate)

Direction: from Proxy Adapter to counterpart

Expects reply: yes

Method tag: NUA

Data segments:

- 1 *user name*, as string (can be null for the anonymous user)
- 1 *user password*, as string (can be null if no password is specified)
- 1 client principal, as string (can be null if client not authenticated)
- N *http header name-value pairs*, both names and values as string

The last pair is added by the Server; the name is "REQUEST\_ID" and the value is a unique id assigned to the client request.

```
<ID>|NUA|S|<user name>|S|<user password>|S|<client principal>|S|<header 1>|S|
<header value 1>|...|S|<header N>|S|<header value N>|S|REQUEST_ID|S|<id>
```

Expected reply data segments:

- 1 *allowed max bandwidth*, as double
- 1 *wants table (i.e. subscription) notifications flag*, as boolean

As you can see, this method, like its base version, also integrates the *getAllowedMaxBandwidth* and *wantsTablesNotification* methods of the Java interface.

```
<ID>|NUA|D|<allowed max bandwidth>|B|<wants table notifications flag>
```

Reply can be also an exception of *Generic*, *Access* or *Credits* type

Examples:

```
→ 10000010c3e4d0462|NUA|S|user1|S|password|S|cn=john,cn=users,dc=acme,dc=com
|S|host|S|www.mycompany.com|...
← 10000010c3e4d0462|NUA|D|40|B|0

→ 20000010c3e4d0462|NUA|S|user1|S|password|S|#|S|connection|S|Keep-Alive|...
← 20000010c3e4d0462|NUA|EC|Unauthenticated+user+not+allowed|1098|#
```

### Notify New Session

Direction: from Proxy Adapter to counterpart

Expects reply: yes

Method tag: NNS

Data segments:



- 1 *user name*, as string (can be null for the anonymous user)
- 1 *session ID*, as string
- N *client context name-value pairs*, both names and values as string

The possible pairs differ from the java interface `notifyNewSession` case, because the "HTTP\_HEADERS" property is not provided; a "REQUEST\_ID" property is provided instead (see notes below).

```
<ID>|NNS|S|<user name>|S|<session ID>|S|<context prop name 1>|S|<context prop 1 value>|...|S|<context prop name N>|S|<context prop N value>
```

Expected reply data segments: none, a void is expected

```
<ID>|NNS|V
```

Reply can also be an exception of *Generic*, *Notification*, *Credits* or *Conflicting Session* type. In the last case, a second invocation of the command with the same "REQUEST\_ID" and a different session ID will be received.

Examples:

```
→ 30000010c3e4d0462|NNS|S|user1|S|S8f3da29cfc463220T5454537|S|REMOTE_IP|S|192.168.0.1|...
← 30000010c3e4d0462|NNS|V

→ 40000010c3e4d0462|NNS|S|user1|S|S9cb4758037a95c01T0439915|S|USER_AGENT|S|#|...
← 40000010c3e4d0462|NNS|EX|No+more+than+one+session+allowed|1101|#|S8f3da29cfc463220T5454537
```

### Notify Session Close

Direction: from Proxy Adapter to counterpart

Expects reply: yes

Method tag: NSC

Data segments:

- 1 *session ID*, as string

```
<ID>|NSC|S|<session ID>
```

Expected reply data segments: none, a void is expected

```
<ID>|NSC|V
```

Reply can also be an exception of *Generic* or *Notification* type.

Examples:

```
→ 20000010c3e4d0462|NSC|S|S8f3da29cfc463220T5454537
← 20000010c3e4d0462|NSC|V

→ 30000010c3e4d0462|NSC|S|S9cb4758037a95c01T0439915
← 30000010c3e4d0462|NSC|EN|Session+not+open
```

## Get Items

Direction: from Proxy Adapter to counterpart  
 Expects reply: yes  
 Method tag: GIS

Data segments:

- 1 *user name*, as string (can be null for the anonymous user)
- 1 *item group name (or item list specification)*, as string
- 1 *session ID*, as string

<ID>|GIS|S|<user name>|S|<item group name>|S|<session ID>

Expected reply data segments:

- N *item names*, as string

<ID>|GIS|S|<item 1>|S|<item 2>|...|S|<item N>

Reply can also be an exception of *Generic* or *Items* type.

Examples:

```
→ 50000010c3e4d0462|GIS|S|#|S|nasdaq100_AA_AL|S|S8f3da29cfc463220T5454537
← 50000010c3e4d0462|GIS|S|aapl|S|atvi|S|adbe|S|akam|S|altr

→ 60000010c3e4d0462|GIS|S|#|S|nasdaq100_AA_AL|S|S9cb4758037a95c01T0439915
← 60000010c3e4d0462|GIS|EI|Unknown+group
```

## Get Schema

Direction: from Proxy Adapter to counterpart  
 Expects reply: yes  
 Method tag: GSC

Data segments:

- 1 *user name*, as string (can be null for the anonymous user)
- 1 *item group name (or item list specification)*, as string
- 1 *field schema name (or field list specification)*, as string
- 1 *session ID*, as string

<ID>|GSC|S|<user name>|S|<item group name>|S|<field schema name>|S|<session ID>

Expected reply data segments:

- N *field names*, as string

<ID>|GSC|S|<field 1>|S|<field 2>|...|S|<field N>

Reply can also be an exception of *Generic*, *Items* or *Schema* type.

Examples:

```
→ 70000010c3e4d0462|GSC|S|#|S|nasdaq100_AA_AL|S|short|S|S8f3da29cfc463220T5454537
← 70000010c3e4d0462|GSC|S|last_price|S|time|S|pct_change
```

```
→ 80000010c3e4d0462|GSC|S|#|S|nasdaq100_AA_AL|S|short|S|S9cb4758037a95c01T0439915
← 80000010c3e4d0462|GSC|ES|Unknown+schema
```

### Get Item Data

Direction: from Proxy Adapter to counterpart

Expects reply: yes

Method tag: GIT

Data segments:

- *N item names*, as string

```
<ID>|GIT|S|<item 1>|S|<item 2>|...|S|<item N>
```

Expected reply data segments:

- *N item data structures*, composed by:
  - 1 *distinct snapshot length*, as integer
  - 1 *min source frequency*, as double
  - 1 *allowed modes*, as Mode array

As you can see, this method replaces the *getDistinctSnapshotLength*, *getMinSourceFrequency* and *modeMaybeAllowed* methods of the Java interface.

```
<ID>|GIT|I|<dist. snapsh. len. 1>|D|<min source freq. 1>|M|<all. modes 1>|...
...|I|<dist. snapsh. len. N>|D|<min source freq. N>|M|<all. modes N>
```

Reply can also be an exception of *Generic* type.

Examples:

```
→ 90000010c3e4d0462|GIT|S|aapl|S|atvi
← 90000010c3e4d0462|GIT|I|10|D|0|M|RMDC|I|30|D|0.01|M|R

→ a0000010c3e4d0462|GIT|S|aapl|S|atvi
← a0000010c3e4d0462|GIT|E|Database+connection+error
```

### Get User Item Data

Direction: from Proxy Adapter to counterpart

Expects reply: yes

Method tag: GUI

Data segments:

- 1 *user name*, as string (can be null for the anonymous user)
- *N item names*, as string

```
<ID>|GUI|S|<user name>|S|<item 1>|S|<item 2>|...|S|<item N>
```

Expected reply data segments:

- *N user item data structures*, composed by:
  - 1 *allowed buffer size*, as integer
  - 1 *allowed max frequency*, as double
  - 1 *allowed modes*, as Mode array

As you can see, this method replaces the *getAllowedBufferSize*, *getAllowedMaxItemFrequency* and *isModeAllowed* methods of the Java interface.

```
<ID>|GUI|I|<all. buf. size 1>|D|<all. max freq. 1>|M|<all. modes 1>|...
...|I|< all. buf. size N>|D|<all. max freq. N>|M|<all. modes N>
```

Reply can also be an exception of *Generic* type.

Examples:

```
→ b0000010c3e4d0462|GUI|S|user1|S|aapl|S|atvi
← b0000010c3e4d0462|GUI|I|30|D|3|M|RMDC|I|30|D|0.3|M|$

→ c0000010c3e4d0462|GUI|S|#|S|aapl|S|atvi
← c0000010c3e4d0462|GUI|E|Database+connection+error
```

### Notify User Message

Direction: from Proxy Adapter to counterpart  
 Expects reply: yes  
 Method tag: NUM

Data segments:

- 1 *user name*, as string (can be null for the anonymous user)
- 1 *session ID*, as string
- 1 *user message*, as string

```
<ID>|NUM|S|<user name>|S|<session ID>|S|<user message>
```

Expected reply data segments: none, a void is expected

```
<ID>|NUM|V
```

Reply can also be an exception of *Generic*, *Notification* or *Credits* type.

Examples:

```
→ d0000010c3e4d0462|NUM|S|user1|S|S8f3da29cfc463220T5454537|S|stop+logging
← d0000010c3e4d0462|NUM|V

→ e0000010c3e4d0462|NUM|S|#|S|S9cb4758037a95c01T0439915|S|start+logging
← e0000010c3e4d0462|NUM|EC|Anonymous+user+logging+not+allowed|1095|#
```

### Notify New Tables

Direction: from Proxy Adapter to counterpart  
 Expects reply: yes  
 Method tag: NNT

Data segments:

- 1 *user name*, as string (can be null for the anonymous user)
- 1 *session ID*, as string
- N *table (i.e. subscription) info structures*, composed by:

- 1 *window index*, as integer
- 1 *publishing mode*, as 1-length Mode array
- 1 *item group name (or item list specification)*, as string
- 1 *field schema name (or field list specification)*, as string
- 1 *index of the first item*, as integer
- 1 *index of the last item*, as integer
- 1 *selector*, as string (can be null if no selector is associated)

(BTW selector information is currently redundant, as any request with a non-null selector has already been refused)

```
<ID>|NNT|S|<user name>|S|<session ID>|
I|<win. index 1>|M|<pub. mode 1>|S|<item group 1>|
S|<field schema 1>|I|<first item idx. 1>|I|<last item idx. 1>|S|<selector 1>|
...
I|<win. index N>|M|<pub. mode N>|S|<item group N>|
S|<field schema N>|I|<first item idx. N>|I|<last item idx. N>|S|<selector N>
```

Expected reply data segments: none, a void is expected

```
<ID>|NNT|V
```

Reply can also be an exception of *Generic*, *Notification* or *Credits* type.

Examples:

```
→ f0000010c3e4d0462|NNT|S|#|S|S8f3da29cfc463220T5454537|I|1|M|M|
S|nasdaq100_AA_AL|S|short|I|1|I|5|S|#
← f0000010c3e4d0462|NNT|V

→ 10000010c3e4d0462|NNT|S|#|S|S9cb4758037a95c01T0439915|I|1|M|M|
S|nasdaq100_AA_AL|S|short|I|1|I|5|S|#
← 10000010c3e4d0462|NNT|EN|Session+timed+out
```

### Notify Tables Close

Direction: from Proxy Adapter to counterpart

Expects reply: yes

Method tag: NTC

Data segments:

- 1 *session ID*, as string
- N *table (i.e. subscription) info structures*, composed by:
  - 1 *window index*, as integer
  - 1 *publishing mode*, as 1-length Mode array
  - 1 *item group name (or item list specification)*, as string
  - 1 *field schema name (or field list specification)*, as string
  - 1 *index of the first item*, as integer
  - 1 *index of the last item*, as integer
  - 1 *selector*, as string (can be null if no selector is associated)

(BTW selector information is currently redundant, as any request with a non-null selector has already been refused)

```
<ID>|NTC|S|<session ID>|
I|<win. index 1>|M|<pub. mode 1>|S|<item group 1>|
S|<field schema 1>|I|<first item idx. 1>|I|<last item idx. 1>|S|<selector 1>|
```

```
...
I|<win. index N>|M|<pub. mode N>|S|<item group N>|
S|<field schema N>|I|<first item idx. N>|I|<last item idx. N>|S|<selector N>
```

Expected reply data segments: none, a void is expected

```
<ID>|NTC|V
```

Reply can also be an exception of *Generic* or *Notification* type.

Examples:

```
→ f0000010c3e4d0462|NTC|S|S8f3da29cfc463220T5454537|I|1|M|M|
S|nasdaq100_AA_AL|S|short|I|1|I|5|S|#
← f0000010c3e4d0462|NTC|V

→ 10000010c3e4d0462|NTC|S|S9cb4758037a95c01T0439915|I|1|M|M|
S|nasdaq100_AA_AL|S|short|I|1|I|5|S|#
← 10000010c3e4d0462|NTC|EN|Table+not+open
```

### Notify MPN Device Access

Direction: from Proxy Adapter to counterpart

Expects reply: yes

Method tag: MDA

Data segments:

- 1 *user name*, as string
- 1 *mobile platform type*
- 1 *application ID* (a.k.a. *package name*), as string
- 1 *device token* (a.k.a. *registration ID*), as string

```
<ID>|MDA|S|<user name>|P|<platform type>|S|<application ID>|S|<device token>
```

Expected reply data segments: none, a void is expected

```
<ID>|MDA|V
```

Reply can also be an exception of *Credits* or *Notification* type.

Example:

```
→ b00000147c9bc4c74|MDA|S|$|P|A|S|com.lightstreamer.demo.ios.stocklistdemo|S|
f780e9d8ffc86a5ec9a329e7745aa8fb3a1ecce77c09e202ec24cff14a9906f1
← b00000147c9bc4c74|MDA|V
```

### Notify MPN Subscription Activation

Direction: from Proxy Adapter to counterpart

Expects reply: yes

Method tag: MSA

Data segments:

- 1 *user name*, as string
- 1 *session ID*, as string
- 1 *table (i.e. subscription) info structure*, composed by:
  - 1 *window index*, as integer
  - 1 *publishing mode*, as 1-length Mode array
  - 1 *item group name (or item list specification)*, as string
  - 1 *field schema name (or field list specification)*, as string
  - 1 *index of the first item*, as integer
  - 1 *index of the last item*, as integer
- 1 *MPN subscription info structure*, composed by:
  - in case of an *APNS subscription*:
    - 1 *mobile platform type* (must be *APNS* in this case)
    - 1 *application ID*, as string
    - 1 *device token*, as string
    - 1 *trigger expression*, as string
    - 1 *sound name*, as string
    - 1 *icon badge*, as string
    - 1 *localized action key*, as string
    - 1 *launch image name*, as string
    - 1 *format*, as string
    - 1 *localized format key*, as string
    - N *localized format arguments* (where N has been specified in the MPN subscription encoding), as strings
    - M *custom data key-value pairs* (where M has been specified in the MPN subscription encoding), composed by:
      - a *custom data key*, as string
      - a *custom data value*, as string

```
<ID>|MSA|S|<user name>|S|<session ID>|
I|<win. index>|M|<pub. mode>|S|<item group>|S|<field schema>|
I|<first item idx.>|I|<last item idx.>|
PA|<num. of arguments>|<num. of custom data>|
PA|S|<application ID>|S|<device token>|S|<trigger>|
S|<sound name>|S|<icon badge>|S|<loc. action key>|
S|<launch image name>|S|<format>|S|<loc. format key>|
S|<arg. 1>|S|<arg. 2>|...|S|<arg. N>|
S|<custom data key 1>|S|<custom value key 1>|...|
S|<custom data key M>|S|<custom value key M>
```

- in case of a *GCM subscription*:
  - 1 *mobile platform type* (must be *GCM* in this case)
  - 1 *application ID* (a.k.a. *package name*), as string
  - 1 *device token* (a.k.a. *registration ID*), as string
  - 1 *trigger expression*, as string
  - 1 *collapse key*, as string
  - N data key-value paris (where N has been specified in the MPN subscription encoding), composed by:
    - a data key, as string
    - a data value, as string
  - 1 *delay while idle flag*, as string
  - 1 *time to live*, as string

```
<ID>|MSA|S|<user name>|S|<session ID>|
I|<win. index>|M|<pub. mode>|S|<item group>|S|<field schema>|
I|<first item idx.>|I|<last item idx.>|
```



```
PG|<num. of data>|
P|G|S|<application ID>|S|<device token>|S|<trigger>|
S|<collapse key>|
S|<data key 1>|S|<value key 1>|...|S|<data key N>|S|<value key N>|
S|<delay while idle>|S|<time to live>
```

- other platforms are not yet supported

Expected reply data segments: none, a void is expected

```
<ID>|MSA|V
```

Reply can also be an exception of *Credits* or *Notification* type.

Examples:

```
→ c00000147c9bc4c74|MSA|S|$|S|Sc4a1769b6bb83a4aT2852044|I|1|M|M|S|item4+item19|S|
stock_name+last_price+time|I|1|I|2|PA|2|1|P|A|S|
com.lightstreamer.demo.ios.stocklistdemo|S|
f74d8ffc5ee7cb31749a329a8f9202867c0a9906e80ee7f9ecccalf24c5aaf1|S|Double.parseDouble
%28%24%7Blast_price%7D%29+%3E+1000.0|S|Default|S|AUTO|S|MARKET+VIEW|S|#|S|#|S|
MARKET+UPDATE|S|%24%7Bstock_name%7D|S|%24%7Blast_price%7D|S|customKey1|S|123456
← c00000147c9bc4c74|MSA|V
```

```
→ c00000147cac69643|MSA|S|#|S|S401e2449d3b79feT1213883|I|1|M|M|S|item4+item19|S|
stock_name+last_price+time|I|1|I|2|PG|3|P|G|S|
com.lightstreamer.demo.android.stocklistdemo|S|2082055669|S|Double.parseDouble
%28%24%7Blast_price%7D%29+%3E+1000.0|S|Stock+update|S|time|S|%24%7Btime%7D|S|
last_price|S|%24%7Blast_price%7D|S|stock_name|S|%24%7Bstock_name%7D|S|false|S|30
← c00000147cac69643|MSA|V
```

### Notify MPN Device Token Change

Direction: from Proxy Adapter to counterpart

Expects reply: yes

Method tag: MDC

Data segments:

- 1 *user name*, as string
- 1 *mobile platform type*
- 1 *application ID* (a.k.a. *package name*), as string
- 1 *device token* (a.k.a. *registration ID*), as string
- 1 *new device token*, as string

```
<ID>|MDC|S|<user name>|P|<platform type>|S|<application ID>|S|<device token>|
S|<new device token>
```

Expected reply data segments: none, a void is expected

```
<ID>|MDC|V
```

Reply can also be an exception of *Credits* or *Notification* type.

Example:



```

→      3700000147c9bc4c74|MDC|S|$|P|A|S|com.lightstreamer.demo.ios.stocklistdemo|S|
f780e9d8ffc86a5ec9a329e7745aa8fb3a1ecce77c09e202ec24cff14a9906f1|S|
0849781a0afe0311f58bbfee1fcde031bfc56635c89c566dda3c6708fd893549
←      3700000147c9bc4c74|MDC|V

```

## 1.6 Data Provider Protocol Methods

Data Provider protocol aims at exposing the DataProvider Java interface methods through the protocol. To find the best tradeoff between pros of interface remotng and cons of protocol overhead, some of the original Java interface methods have not been remotized, and others have been aggregated. In particular, the “smart” version of the data exchange is not possible here and having different flavors of *update* is of no advantage. In addition, *setListener* is obviously not needed. On the other hand, *isSnapshotAvailable* has not been ported and it is implemented by the Proxy Adapter to always return true. As a consequence, upon subscription, the Remote Adapter is always due to send the item snapshot; if no snapshot information is available, an empty snapshot should be specified.

For more explanations regarding the semantics of each information, please consult the interface API documentation, either on Java API docs or (for an implementation example) on .Net API docs included in the distributions.

### Data Init

Direction: from Proxy Adapter to counterpart  
 Expects reply: yes  
 Method tag: DPI

Data segments:

- *N initialization parameter name-value pairs*, both names and values as string
- The parameters are supplied by the Proxy Adapter based on its own configuration.

```
<ID>|DPI|S|<param 1>|S|<param 1 value>|...|S|<param N>|S|<param N value>
```

Expected reply data segments: none, a void is expected

```
<ID>|DPI|V
```

Reply can be also an exception of *Generic* or *Data* type

Examples:

```

→      10000010c3e4d0462|DPI|S|adapters_conf.id|S|DEMO|S|data_provider.name|S|
STOCKLIST|...
←      10000010c3e4d0462|DPI|V

→      20000010c3e4d0462|DPI|S|feed name|S|feed1|S|feed port|S|8080|...
←      20000010c3e4d0462|DPI|ED|Feed unavailable

```

### Subscribe

Direction: from Proxy Adapter to counterpart

Expects reply: yes  
Method tag: SUB

Data segments:

- 1 *item name*, as string

<ID>|SUB|S|<item name>

Expected reply data segments: none, a void is expected

<ID>|SUB|V

Reply can also be an exception of *Generic*, *Subscription* or *Failure* type.

Examples:

```
→ 10000010c3e4d0462|SUB|S|aapl
← 10000010c3e4d0462|SUB|V

→ 20000010c3e4d0462|SUB|S|xyzy
← 20000010c3e4d0462|SUB|EU|Unknown+item
```

### Unsubscribe

Direction: from Proxy Adapter to counterpart  
Expects reply: yes  
Method tag: USB

Data segments:

- 1 *item name*, as string

<ID>|USB|S|<item name>

Expected reply data segments: none, a void is expected

<ID>|USB|V

Reply can also be an exception of *Generic*, *Subscription* or *Failure* type.

Examples:

```
→ 30000010c3e4d0462|USB|S|aapl
← 30000010c3e4d0462|USB|V

→ 40000010c3e4d0462|USB|S|xyzy
← 40000010c3e4d0462|USB|EU|Item+not+subscribed
```

### End Of Snapshot

Direction: from counterpart to Proxy Adapter (notify)  
Expects reply: no  
Method tag: EOS

Data segments:

- 1 *item name*, as string
- 1 *unique ID of the originating subscription request*, as string

<timestamp>|EOS|S|<item name>|S|<ID>

Examples:

→ 1152096504423|EOS|S|aapl|S|10000010c3e4d0462

### Update By Map

Direction: from counterpart to Proxy Adapter (notify)

Expects reply: no

Method tag: UD3

Data segments:

- 1 *item name*, as string
- 1 *unique ID of the originating subscription request*, as string
- 1 *is snapshot flag*, as boolean
- N *field-value pairs*, composed by:
  - 1 *field name*, as string
  - 1 *field value*, as string or byte array

<timestamp>|UD3|S|<item name>|S|<ID>|B|<is snapshot>|S|<field 1>|S|<value 1>| ... |S|<field N>|S|<value N>

<timestamp>|UD3|S|<item name>|S|<ID>|B|<is snapshot>|S|<field 1>|Y|<value 1>| ... |S|<field N>|Y|<value N>

Note: the special mandatory fields for items to be requested in COMMAND mode, named “key” and “command”, must be encoded as string.

Examples:

→ 1152096504423|UD3|S|aapl|S|10000010c3e4d0462|B|1|S|pct\_change|S|0.44|S|last\_price|S|6.82|S|time|S|12%3a48%3a24

→ 1152096504423|UD3|S|aapl|S|10000010c3e4d0462|B|1|S|pct\_change|Y|MC40NA==|S|last\_price|Y|Ni44Mg==|S|time|Y|MTI6NDg6MjQ=

### Clear Snapshot

Direction: from counterpart to Proxy Adapter (notify)

Expects reply: no

Method tag: CLS

Data segments:

- 1 *item name*, as string
- 1 *unique ID of the originating subscription request*, as string

<timestamp>|CLS|S|<item name>|S|<ID>

Examples:

→ 1152096504423|CLS|S|aapl|S|10000010c3e4d0462

### Failure

Direction: from counterpart to Proxy Adapter (notify)

Expects reply: no

Method tag: FAL

Data segments:

- 1 *reason*, as generic exception

<timestamp>|FAL|E|<reason>

Examples:

→ 1152096504423|FAL|E|Connection+lost

## 1.7 Notes on Protocol Method Sequence

---

### Metadata Init, Data Init

The proper *Init* method is the very first request sent from the Java proxy to the counterpart. In this way, the Proxy Adapter can send initialization parameters to the Remote Adapter (based on its own configuration) before starting to issue requests. The Proxy Adapter won't send any request until the *Init* method sends back a successful response.

### Notify User

The *Notify User* method is invoked before any other requests for the same user (which version is used depends on the configuration of <use\_client\_auth>; by default, the base version is used). This means that the Metadata Adapter has always a chance to authenticate users before any detail about their profile is requested.

### Notify User, Notify New Session

All the authorization request management is expected to depend on the user name only. Anyway, some information on the specific client request instance are supplied to the *Notify New Session* method, as the *client context*. The *REQUEST\_ID* property is the same id that has just been supplied to *Notify User* for the same client request instance; this allows for using local authentication-related details for the authorization task.

Note: the Remote Adapter is responsible for disposing any cached information in case *Notify New Session* is not issued because of any early error during request management.

### Notify New Tables, Notify Tables Close

These methods are requested by the Proxy Adapter only when the Remote Adapter asks for them through the *wants table (i.e. subscription) notifications flag* returned with the *Notify User*

method, on a user basis. If this flag is always returned as false, then these calls are never received.

### **Notify User, Notify New Tables, Notify New Session, Notify User Message, Get Items, Get Schema, Get Item Data, Get User Item Data**

These methods are requested by the Proxy Adapter synchronously (i.e.: the requesting thread waits for the reply; however, the Proxy Adapter may still issue multiple requests in parallel, as stated in the general notes). Moreover, the requesting threads are taken from a limited pool. This means that these requests should be processed as fast as possible; but, anyway, any roundtrip delay related to the remote call will keep the Server waiting.

In order to avoid that delays on one session propagate to other sessions, the size of the thread pool devoted to the management of the client requests should be properly set, through the "server\_pool\_max\_size" flag, in the Server configuration file.

Alternatively, a dedicated pool, properly sized, can be defined for the involved Adapter Set in "adapters.xml". Still more restricted dedicated pools can be defined:

- for the *Notify User* method only,
- for the *Notify User Message* method only,
- for each Data Adapter in the Adapter Set.

The latter pool would also run any Metadata Adapter method related to the items supplied by the specified Data Adapter.

### **Notify New Tables**

Invocations of this method, when related to the same session, are performed by the Server sequentially. This means that any delay or roundtrip time involved may keep further subscription requests for the same session blocked. Hence, this method should be used only if strictly needed. In general, the *wants table (i.e. subscription) notifications flag* returned with the *Notify User* method should be false.

However, this policy can be relieved by leveraging the <sequentialize\_table\_notifications> flag available in the Proxy Metadata Adapter configuration.

### **Notify Tables Close, Notify Session Close, Subscribe, Unsubscribe**

These methods are requested by the Proxy Adapter side asynchronously (i.e.: without waiting for the reply). This does not mean that the reply should not be sent: the reply is mandatory (or a timeout exception will be raised on the Proxy Adapter side), but any exception that it should carry would simply be logged. Anyway, this means that these methods don't need to be non-blocking, as long as they don't last more than the configured timeout limit.

### **Notify New Session, Notify Session Close**

These methods are invoked consistently. *Notify New Session* always precedes other methods related with the same session and *Notify Session Close* always follows other methods related with the same session.

### **Subscribe, Unsubscribe**

These methods are invoked consistently. *Subscribe* always precedes *Unsubscribe* for the same item, but multiple *Subscribe-Unsubscribe* request pairs can be invoked for the same item.

### **Subscribe, End Of Snapshot, Update By Map**

As pointed out in the previous paragraph, upon *Subscribe*, the Remote Adapter is always due to provide the Proxy Adapter with snapshot information. This is done by sending *Update By Map* notifies with the “is snapshot” flag set to true and a terminating *End Of Snapshot* notify. This should be done as soon as possible and must precede any real-time updates carried by *Update By Map*. In case no snapshot information is available, an empty snapshot should be sent.

### **End Of Snapshot, Update By Map, Clear Snapshot**

As said above, the optional initial snapshot and the terminating *End Of Snapshot* notify should be sent first thing. Actually, the *End Of Snapshot* notify can be omitted and in that case the subsequent *Update By Map* with the “is snapshot” flag set to false will imply snapshot termination. But note that this would be equivalent only if the *Update By Map* came immediately; otherwise, the Server would, pointlessly, keep waiting for more snapshot to come. Similarly, a *Clear Snapshot* notify should only occur after snapshot termination; otherwise, it would imply snapshot termination as well.